## Pulse exposure scenarios with Lemna sp. and Daphnia magna in dependence on the EFSA guidance document on tiered risk assessment

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The EFSA (European Food Safety Authority) has set a focus on tiered acute and chronic effect assessment schemes for aquatic organisms in their latest guidance document (EFSA Journal 2013;11(7):3290). Pulse exposure scenarios are named to be realistic to worst case compared with the predicted field exposure profile. The number and spacing of pulses (toxicological (in)dependence of repeated pulse) is therefore of high importance for an appropriate risk assessment.

Pulse exposure studies with macrophytes (OECD 221: Lemna sp. Growth Inhibition Test and OECD 239: Water-sediment *Myriophyllum spicatum* Toxicity Test) and invertebrates (OECD 211: *Daphnia magna* Reproduction Test) were performed. Data are presented with the focus on test design and performance.

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